HRM, HRP, HRD

- Pervasive force.
- Action Oriented.
- Individually oriented.
- People oriented.
- Future Oriented.
- Development oriented.
- Integrating mechanism.
- Staff Function.
- Comprehensive Function

- To attain its goals.
- To utilize human resources effectively.
- To enhance job satisfaction and self-actualization.
- To establish and maintain productive, self respecting and internally satisfying working relationships.

- Individual development.
- Integration of all individuals and groups with the organization.

- To ensure that the organization has required number of staff.
- To participate in decision-making.
- To develop and maintain a quality life.
- To maintain high morale and good human relations.
- To maintain ethical policies and behavior.
- To recognize and satisfy individual needs and group goals.

Spcietal objectives

- Legal Compliance
- Benefits

- Union-management relations.
- Organizational objectives
- Human resource planning.
- Employee relations.
- Selection.
- Training and

 Development

Functional objectives

Personal Objectives

Appraisal

- Placement
- Assessment
- Training and Development.
- Appraisal.
- Placement.
- Compensation.

SCOPEOFHRM

FUNCTIONS OF HRM

MEANING OF HUMAN RESOURCE PLANNING

- IT IS A PROCESS OF FORECASTING AN ORGANIZATIONS'S FUTURE DEMAND FOR, AND SUPPLY OF, THE RIGHT TYPE OF PEOPLE, IN THE RIGHT NUMBER.
- HRP also involves estimating manpower needs and formulating plans to meet these needs.

- It is a Strategy.
- It deals with policies and programmes.
- It helps to forecast organization's future.
- It helps an organization to staff itself with right people.

- It is future oriented.
- It is a continuous process.
- It is an internal part of corporate planning.
- It makes optimum utilization of resources.

- Optimum utilization of resources.
- Forecast future human resource needs.
- Control measures.
- Linking HRP with Organization planning.
- To assess the surplus and shortage of human resource.

INVERDANCE OF FRE

- Creates reservoir of talent.
- Succession Planning.
- Assessment of training needs.
- Regulates Manpower Cost.
- Helps in Smooth Working of an organization.
- Technological Changes.
- Expansion and Diversification plans.
- Planning Physical facilities.

FACTORS A FECTIVE FRO

PROCESS OF HUMAN RESOURCE PALNNING